



KENYATTA UNIVERSITY

EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF SCIENCE IN RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGY

SET 814: SOLAR ENERGY

2ND SEMESTER 2021/2022

TIME: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer Question ONE and any other TWO Questions

Question ONE carries 30 marks and all the others carry 20 marks each

Useful expressions

Collector efficiency; $\eta = F_R(\tau\alpha) - F_R U_L \frac{(T_f - T_a)}{G_t}$

Planck's constant, $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34}$

Solar thermal energy demand; $L = V \times \rho \times c(T_o - T_i)$

Energy of an electron, $eV = 1.602 \times 10^{-19}$

Collector Area; $\Rightarrow A_c = \frac{L \times F_{solar}}{\eta_{solar} \times I_{av}}$

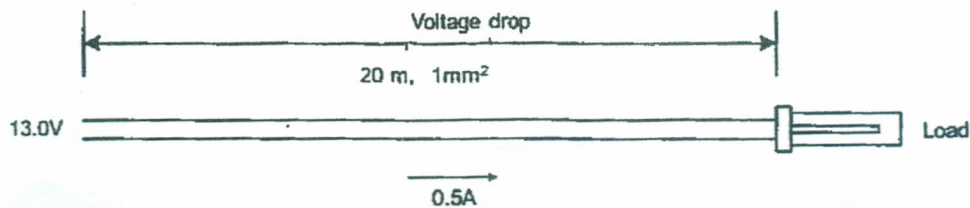
Speed of light, $C = 2.998 \times 10^8$ m/s

Resistance of 1 mm² cable = 0.02 Ω /m

Question 1 (Compulsory - 30 Marks)

- [a] With an ordinary flat plate solar collector in mind and with the help of thermal resistances, R and/or heat loss coefficients h , illustrate the overall heat loss, U_L , phenomena/network from top and bottom of the absorber. (4 Marks)
- [b] The band gaps of Germanium, Titanium, Silicon, and Hematite are 0.5 eV, 3.0 eV, 1.1 eV and 2.5 eV, respectively. Considering a blue light (450 nm - 495 nm), which semiconductor would only absorb this light and transmit the rest of the visible range? (1 Mark)
- [c] Explain concentration ratio as applied to concentrated solar power systems (2 Marks)
- [d] Explain five (5) types of solar cells (5 marks)
- [e] Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of air solar heating systems as compared to water-based systems. (3 Marks)
- [f] Explain the main functions of a charge controller (2 Marks)
- [g] Using a simple sketch and based on crystalline silicon technology, name the various parts of a solar PV module (3 Marks)

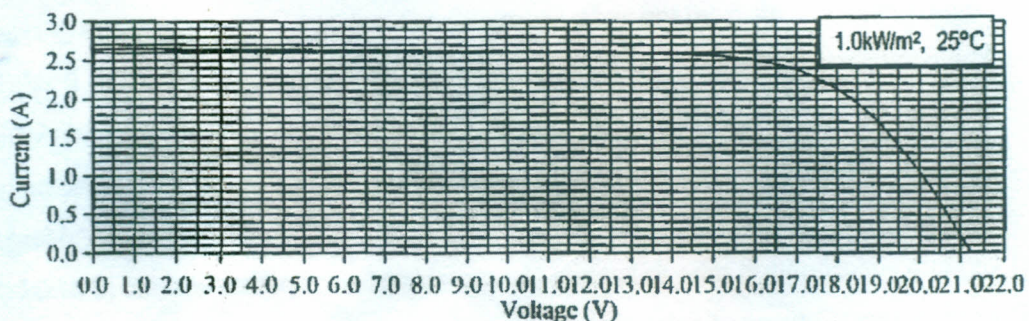
- [h] Consider a DC wiring diagram shown in the figure below. Determine the voltage at the load, V_{load} under those conditions. (2 Marks)



- [i] Convective heat transfer mechanism is very significant in solar thermal systems. Briefly discuss this mechanism using terminologies such as Rayleigh, Reynolds and Nusselt numbers. (5 Marks)
- [j] A certain battery has the following specifications, 9 V, 150 Ah, C100. Determine the total ampere-hour rating, voltage and stored energy when four (4) such batteries are connected;
- In series
 - In parallel
- (3 marks)

Question 2 (20 Marks)

- [a] Discuss the concept of food drying in solar dryers and further, with the aid of a neat sketch discuss the working principle of an active mixed-mode solar dryer. (12 Marks)
- [b] The following graph shows the I-V curve of a 36-cell module at 1.0 kW/m^2 , 25°C . Its $I_{sc} = 2.65 \text{ A}$, $V_{oc} = 21.20 \text{ V}$, $V_{mp} = 16.70 \text{ V}$, $I_{mp} = 2.42 \text{ A}$,

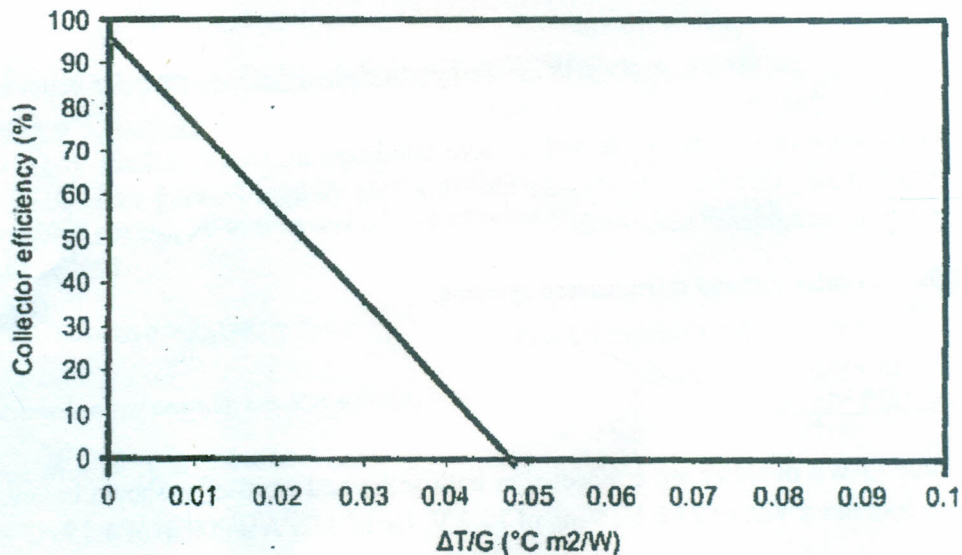


- i. Discuss the I-V characteristics of this module and further, if the temperature coefficient for the V_{oc} is $-0.10176 \text{ V/}^\circ\text{C}$, calculate the V_{oc} at 55°C . (4 Marks)
- ii. On the same module, what is the temperature coefficient for the V_{oc} in percentage ($\% / ^\circ\text{C}$)? (2 Marks)

- iii. If this module is connected to a 12 V battery (100 Ah C20) and the Irradiance is 0.7 kW/m^2 , how much would be the output power? (2 Marks)

Question 3 (20 Marks)

[a] The figure below shows an efficiency plot of a certain collector.



- If the collector has an absorbance-transmittance term, $(\tau\alpha)$ equal to 0.88, what is the heat removal factor of the collector? (2 marks)
- What is the overall heat loss coefficient, U_L of the collector? (3 marks)
- If the inlet temperature is constant at 55°C and the irradiance is 800 W.m^{-2} , what is the overall instantaneous efficiency at an ambient temperature of 24°C ? (5 marks)

[b] Consider the following data obtained from a certain customer;

S/N	Accessory	Rating (W)	Quantity	Hours of use (h)	Given parameters	
1	TV	80	1	4	Insolation	5.4 kWh/m^2
2	Radio	18	1	6	Battery efficiency	80%
3	Light 1	20	1	5	Inverter efficiency	95%
4	Light 2	13	1	4	Recommended DOD	20%
5	Light 3	9	3	2	PV mismatch losses	20%
6	Pump	500	1	0.5	System voltage	24 V

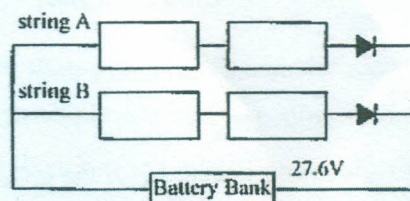
- iii. Determine the overall energy demand and the peak load for this customer
(3 Marks)
- iv. Based on the proposed system voltage, advice the owner on the right number and capacities of the PV array, charge controller, inverter and battery bank to purchase.
(7 Marks)

Question 4 (20 Marks)

- [a] Using a simple sketch, explain the working principle of an indirect solar water heating system
(7 marks)
- [b] Three semiconductors, A, B and C have bandgaps of 18 eV, 1.2 eV and 0.65 eV, respectively. Use them to explain the principle design/working concept of multi-junction (compound) solar cells
(8 marks)
- [c] Discuss solar thermal refrigeration systems.
(5 Marks)

Question 5 (20 Marks)

- [a] Four 75 Wp modules are connected in both series and parallel as shown below. Each module has a V_{oc} of 21.6 V, V_{mp} of 17.2 V, I_{sc} of 4.65 A and I_{mp} of 4.35 A,



- i. Determine the fill factor (FF) of the modules
(2 marks)
- ii. If the charging current for one module at 1 kW/m^2 is 4.4 A, determine the overall output power of the array when the irradiance is 0.8 kW/m^2 .
(6 marks)
- [b] Discuss both low and high temperature solar thermal technologies used for power generation
(12 marks)