



KENYATTA UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2017/2018
FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF
BACHELOR OF ECONOMICS
EAE 402: ECONOMICS OF MICROFINANCE II

DATE: Thursday, 23rd November 2017

TIME: 11.00 a.m. - 1.00 p.m.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. This examination consists of **FIVE** questions.
2. Answer Question ONE (COMPULSORY) and any other **TWO** questions.

Question One (30 Marks)

- (a) Briefly explain the meaning of market failure with respect to the credit market. (2 marks)
- (b) The rural credit market is characterized with factors that explain market failure in this market. Discuss **four** of these features in light of the Kenyan rural credit market. (8 marks)
- (c) Give two examples of external sources of financing a business and discuss **two** disadvantages of external sources of funds. (6 marks)
- (d) Assume that you are part of the credit office team in a SACCO. There are several outstanding and dormant debt accounts. So far, you have written warning letters to the borrowers but the debts are still outstanding and dormant. Explain **four** ways in which you can recover such amounts. (8 marks)
- (e) Explain the importance of a business plan for any start-up business. (6 marks)

Question Two (20 marks)

- (a) In statistical measurement of the impact of microfinance, the household may be used as a unit of assessment.
 - (i) State **two** variables within a household that may be used in the impact assessment. (2 marks)
 - (ii) Clearly explain **three** disadvantages of using a household as a unit of assessment. (6 marks)

- (b) Financial institutions serve different clients; among them, corporate clients.
 - (i) Explain the meaning of corporate clients and specify whether it is possible for an individual to be classified as a corporate client. (3 marks)
 - (ii) Clearly state some of the needs of corporate clients from a financial institution that may clearly differentiate them from retail clients. (6 marks)
- (c) State **three** limitations of group lending. (3 marks)

Question Three (20 marks)

- (a) In the absence of formal insurance to cover the poor and those in the rural areas, this population result to informal ways of insurance.
 - (i) State two of the ways in which this population insures themselves. (2 marks)
 - (ii) The several methods/ways of informal insurance however, have their shortcomings and may therefore, not provide a lasting solution. Discuss four shortcomings of the informal insurance by the poor. (8 marks)
- (b) Mrs. Trampania is a member of a group that has been considered for funding by microfinance. After waiting for months, she has now qualified for a micro loan. Discuss how this would affect her household. (10 marks)

Question Four (20 marks)

- (a) Analyze the problems faced by micro-finance organisations when providing services to the poor. (10 marks)
- (b) Describe several ways in which the informal financial institutions complement the formal financial institutions in the economy. (10 marks)

Question Five (20 marks)

- (a) Describe the multitask agency problem and how it relates to microfinance and briefly describe how the management of microfinance institutions deals with this problem. (10 marks)
- (b) The government has played a crucial role in the development of Micro Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs). Discuss. (10 marks)