



KENYATTA UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2011/2012 (MOMBASA CAMPUS)
SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR
OF SCIENCE
SPH 301: QUANTUM MECHANICS

DATE: MONDAY 2ND APRIL 2012 TIME: 11.00 –1.00PM

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer Question ONE and any other two questions

Question 1

- a. List the conditions necessary for acceptable wave function (3mks)
- b. What is an operator? Find the value of linear momentum operators in Cartesian coordinates. (5mks)
- c. When is a wave said to be normalized? The functions $F_1(x)$ and $F_2(x)$ are defined in the interval $x=-a$ and $x=+a$ as follows:
 - i. $F_1(x) = N_1(a^2 - x^2)$
 - ii. $F_2(x) = N_2x(a^2 - x^2)$

Assuming the values of the functions to be zero for $x \geq +a$ and $x \leq -a$, calculate the constants N_1 and N_2 . (5mks)

- d. Show that the functions $F_1(x)$ and $F_2(x)$ in (a) above are orthogonal. (3mks)
- e. Define the following terms:
 - i. eigenvalue
 - ii. eigenfunction

Show that $\sin 2x$ is not an eigenfunction of the operator d/dx but of d^2/dx^2 . What is the eigenvalue? (4mks)

- f. Explain why Schrödinger's equation is not valid for relativistic particles. (3mks)
- g. A particle is moving in one dimensional potential box of infinite height and width $10 \times 10^{-10} \text{m}$. Calculate the probability of finding the particle within an interval of $4 \times 10^{-10} \text{m}$ at the centre of the box when it is at the state of least energy. (4mks)
- h. The lowest energy possible for a certain particle entrapped in a box is 40eV. What are the next two energies the particles can have? (3mks)

Question 2

- a. Starting from the wave equation and introducing energy and momentum of the particle, obtain the expression for three dimensional Schrodinger's equation in time dependent form. (10mks)
- b. Obtain three dimensional time independent Schrodinger's wave equation from time dependent wave equation. (10mks)

Question 3

- a. Describe the postulates of quantum mechanics. (10mks)
- b. Define a Hermitian operator. List and prove the properties of a hermitian operator. (10mks)

Question 4

- a. State Schrödinger's wave equation for a free particle in one dimensional closed box with infinitely hard walls, hence state the boundary conditions and solve it to obtain normalized wave function for the particle. (10mks)
- b. How many maxima and minima are there in the: (10mks)
 - a. ground state
 - b. first excited state and
 - c. second excited state of a particle in a square well?

Question 5

- a. Differentiate between a potential step and a potential barrier. Give a physical example in each case. (4mks)
- b. What is a harmonic oscillator? Give at least two examples. Obtain the energy levels for a harmonic oscillator according to quantum mechanics. Hence plot the energy levels of the oscillator and compare with energy levels of hydrogen atom. (16mks)