



KENYATTA UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2011/2012
FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF
SCIENCE AND BACHELOR OF EDUCATION

SCH 408: QUANTUM CHEMISTRY

DATE: Thursday, 1st December, 2011

TIME: 2.00 p.m. – 4.00 p.m.

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer question **ONE** and any other **TWO** .

- 1
- a) Define
 - i) A Hermitian operator (2 marks)
 - ii) Eigen value (2 marks)
 - iii) Eigen function (2 marks)
 - b) Starting from first principles, prove that eigenvalues of a Hermitian operator are real (4 marks)
 - c) Describe what is meant quantum mechanical tunneling (3 marks)
 - d) State and explain at least two basic postulates of quantum mechanics (6 marks)

Total (19 marks)

- 2
- a) From the first principle, prove the variation principle, When ϕ is acceptable normalized wave function, E_0 is the lowest eigen value and H is the Hamiltonian operator for the system

$$\frac{\langle \phi | H | \phi \rangle}{\langle \phi | \phi \rangle} \geq E_0$$

(8 marks)

- a) Apply the variation function $\psi = Nx(L^2 - x^2)$ to the particle in one dimensional box with infinite walls to calculate the energy, given that

$$H = -\frac{h^2}{8\pi^2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2}$$

(8 marks)

Total

(16 marks)

- 3 For the hydrogen molecular ion, H_2^+ system, the trial LCAO-MO function is given by

$$\psi = a_1 1s_A + a_2 1s_B$$

- b) By applying the variation method, show that the energy is given by

$$E_{\pm} = \frac{H_{AA} \pm H_{BB}}{1 \pm S_{AB}}$$

(8 marks)

- c) Show that the normalized LCAO-MO wave functions are

$$\psi_+ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2(1+S)}} [1s_A + 1s_B]$$

$$\psi_- = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2(1-S)}} [1s_A - 1s_B]$$

Respectively, such that

$1s_A$ = 1S orbital centered on hydrogen A

$1s_B$ = 1S orbital centered on hydrogen B

(8 marks)

Total

(16 marks)

- 4 a) Consider the allyl system, C_3H_5 (three π -electrons, open chain). Determine the energies and forms of the Hückel molecular orbitals that are generated by the set of p- π orbitals, (ϕ_1 , ϕ_2 , and ϕ_3), centered the carbon atoms. (12 marks)

- b) Determine the π -bond orders and the distribution of positive charges amongst the carbon atoms of the system $C_3H_5^+$. (6 marks)

Total

(18 marks)