



KENYATTA UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2009/2010
SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR
OF SCIENCE
SMA 301: REAL ANALYSIS II

DATE: FRIDAY 16TH APRIL 2010

TIME: 11.00 A.M. – 1.00 A.M.

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer Question ONE and any other TWO Questions.

QUESTION 1

a) Show that $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ is Riemann integrable on $[1, 2]$. (4 marks)

b) For $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$, x real,

put
$$f_n(x) = \frac{x}{1 + nx^2}$$

Show that $\{f_n(x)\}$ converges uniformly to a function f , and the equations

$$f'(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f'_n(x)$$

is correct if $x \neq 0$, but false if $x = 0$. (5 marks)

c) For what values of x does the series converge?

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n^3} \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- d) Find the n^{th} partial sum of the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x}{[1 + (n-1)x][1 + nx]} \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

[Hint: Resolve the n^{th} term into partial fractions]

- e) Let $f_n^{(x)} = nxe^{-nx^2}$, $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots, 0 \leq x \leq 1$. Determine whether

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n(x) dx = \int_0^1 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) dx$$

and state whether or not $\{f_n(x)\}$ is uniformly convergent on $[0, 1]$. [6 marks]

- f) Show that if the derivate $f'(x)$ exists and is bounded on $[a, b]$, then $f(x)$ is of bounded variation.

QUESTION 2

- a) Show that the function f defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{when } x \text{ is rational} \\ 1, & \text{when } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases}$$

is not Riemann integrable on any interval $[a, b]$. (7 marks)

- b) Show that a function f is Riemann stieltjes integrable with respect to α on $[a, b]$ if and only if for every $\varepsilon > 0$ there exists a partitions, P of $[a, b]$ such that

$$U(P, f, \alpha) - L(P, f, \alpha) < \varepsilon \quad (7 \text{ marks})$$

- c) Let $f(x) = x$ and $\alpha(x) = x^3$. Find $L(P, f, \alpha)$ and $U(P, f, \alpha)$ corresponding to the partition

$$P = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\} \text{ of } [1, 5]. \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

QUESTION 3

- a) i) Let $\{f_n(x)\}$, $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

be a sequence of functions defined on $[a, b]$. Define what is meant by

$\{f_n(x)\}$ converges to $f(x)$ on $[a, b]$. (2 marks)

- ii) Let $f_n(x) = \frac{x}{x+n}$ be defined on $[0, 1]$. Find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x)$ on $[0, 1]$.

(1 mark)

- b) i) Define uniform convergence for a sequence of functions.

$\{f_n(x)\}$ on $[a, b]$. (2 marks)

- ii) Consider the sequence $\{f_n(x)\}$, where

$$f_n(x) = nx(1-x^2)^n, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

Show that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \int_0^1 f_n(x) dx \right\} \neq \int_0^1 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) dx \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

- c) i) Test for uniform convergence for the sequence $\{f_n(x)\}$, where

$$f_n(x) = \frac{nx}{1+n^2x^2}, \quad \text{for all real } x. \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- ii) Is the sequence $\{f_n(x)\}$, $f_n(x) = \frac{1}{1+nx}$

uniformly convergent on $[0, 1]$ (4 marks)

QUESTION 4

a) For what values of x does the following series converge?

i)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n(x-1)^n}{2^n(3n-1)}$$
 (3 marks)

ii) $1 + 2x + 3x^2 + 4x^3 + \dots$ (3 marks)

iii) $1 + x^2 + x^4 + x^6 + \dots$ (4 marks)

b) State and prove Weierstrass M-test (3 marks)

c) Show whether or not the following series of functions converge uniformly in the given sets.

i)
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}, \quad x \in [a, b]$$
 (3 marks)

ii)
$$\sum \frac{\sin nx}{n^2}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$
 (2 marks)

d) Prove that $\ln 2 = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \dots$

[Hint: Use the fact that $\frac{1}{1+x} = 1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + \dots$ and integrate] (2 marks)

QUESTION 5

a) Define the term total variation of a function f on $[a,b]$ and show that if the total variation is zero, then f is a constant on $[a, b]$. (6 marks)

b) Show that a bounded monotonic function is of bounded variation. (3 marks)

c) i) Find the variation of $f(x) = \sin x$ on $[0, 2\pi]$ with respect to the partition

$$P = \left\{ 0, \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi, \frac{3\pi}{2}, 2\pi \right\} \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

ii) Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x \text{ rational} \\ 0, & x \text{ irrational} \end{cases}$

Is f of bounded variation on $[0,1]$?

d) Show that a function of bounded variation is bounded. (5 marks)