



KENYATTA UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2010/2011

FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

SMA 302: GROUP THEORY

DATE: Wednesday 1st December, 2010

TIME: 2.00 p.m. – 4.00 p.m.

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer question One and any other TWO.

Question One - (30 marks)

- a) (i) Express the permutation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 3 & 6 & 4 & 1 & 8 & 2 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

as a product of disjoint cycles.

[2 marks]

- (ii) Let $\alpha = (231)(45)$ and $\beta = (162)(34)$. Compute the product $\alpha\beta$ as a product of disjoint cycles.

[3 marks]

- b) Let $G = \mathbb{Z}_5 - \{0\}$ under multiplication.

- (i) Construct the multiplication table for G .

[2 marks]

- (ii) Find the cyclic subgroups generated by 2 and 3.

[2 marks]

- (iii) Is G cyclic?

[1 mark]

- (iv) Find 3^{-1} and 4^{-1}

[2 marks]

- c) (i) Show that every subgroup of an abelian group is normal.

[3 marks]

- (ii) Let G be a group and let $H = \{x \in G \mid xg = gx, \forall g \in G\}$.

Show that H is a subgroup of G .

What is the name given to this subgroup?

[3 marks]

- d) Let $H = \{1, -1\}$ be a subgroup of the quaternion group G . Find all the left cosets of H in G .

[4 marks]

- e) (i) Define what is meant by a homomorphism from a group G to a group H .

[1 mark]

- (ii) Let $\mathbf{R}$ be the group of real numbers under addition and $\mathbf{R}^+$ be the group of positive real number under multiplication.
 If $f: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^+$ is defined by $f(x) = e^x, \forall x \in \mathbf{R}$, show that f is a homomorphism. [3 marks]
- f) (i) Define what is meant by a simple group. [1 mark]
 (ii) Give an example of two families of simple groups. [3 marks]

Question Two - (20 marks)

- a) Let G be a group and H and K be subgroups of G . Show that $H \cap K$ is a subgroup of G . [3 marks]
- b) (i) Define what is meant by a cyclic group. [2 marks]
 (ii) Show that a group of prime order is cyclic. [4 marks]
- c) (i) Define a normal subgroup H of a group G . [2 marks]
 (ii) Let G be the set of all real 2×2 matrices $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ o & d \end{pmatrix}$ where $ad \neq 0$ under multiplication. Let

$$H = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ o & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mid a, b \in \mathbf{R} \right\}$$
 be a subgroup of G . Show that H is normal in G . [4 marks]
- d) (i) Let G be a group and $x, y \in G$. Explain the meaning of x is conjugate to y . [2 marks]
 (ii) Find conjugacy class of $(23) \in S_3$. [3 marks]

Question Three – (20 marks)

- a) (i) Define what is meant by a transposition. [2 marks]
 (ii) State whether the permutation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 8 & 2 & 6 & 3 & 7 & 4 & 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 is odd or even. [3 marks]
- b) (i) Define what is meant by the order of an element of a group. [2 marks]
 (ii) What is the order of the following permutations?
 (1457)
 $(45) (237)$
 $(14) (358)$ [3 marks]

- c) (i) Let H be a sub-group of G . Define the normalizer, $N_G(H)$, of H in G . [2 marks]
- (ii) Let $H = \{1, (12)\}$. Find the normalizer of H in S_3 . Is H a normal subgroup of S_3 ? [3 marks]
- d) (i) State without proof Lagrange's theorem. [2 marks]
- (ii) Show that if $a^2 = 1$ for all $a \in G$, then the group G is abelian. [3 marks]

Question Four – (20 marks)

- a) Let H be a normal subgroup of G and let $f: G \rightarrow G/H$ be defined by $f(a) = aH$ for every $a \in G$. Show that f is a homomorphism. [2 marks]
- b) Let $f: G \rightarrow H$ be a homomorphism of a group G into a group H . Show that $\text{Ker } f$ is a normal subgroup of G . [4 marks]
- c) Determine whether the following maps are homomorphisms. If a map is a homomorphism find its image and kernel;
- (i) $f: \mathbf{Q}^* \rightarrow \mathbf{Q}^*$, where $\mathbf{Q}^*$ is the multiplicative group of non zero rationals defined by $f(x) = |x|$. [4 marks]
- (ii) $f: \mathbf{R}^+ \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$, where $\mathbf{R}^+$ is the multiplicative group of positive real numbers and $\mathbf{R}$ is the additive group of real numbers defined by $f(x) = \log_{10} x$. [5 marks]
- d) (i) Let G and $\bar{G}$ be two groups and $\phi: G \rightarrow \bar{G}$. Explain the meaning of ϕ is an isomorphism. [2 marks]
- (ii) Let G be any group, g a fixed element in G . Define $\phi: G \rightarrow G$ by $\phi(x) = g x g^{-1}$. Prove that ϕ is an isomorphism onto G . [3 marks]

Question Five – (20 marks)

- a) (i) Define a p -group. [2 marks]
- (ii) Define a Sylow p -subgroup of a group G . [2 marks]
- b) (i) State any of the three Sylow theorems. [3 marks]
- (ii) What is the order of a Sylow 2-subgroup of a group of order 12? [1 mark]
- (iii) What is the order of a Sylow 3-subgroup of a group of order 54? [2 marks]
- (iv) List all the Sylow 2-subgroups of S_3 . [3 marks]
- c) Show that every group of order 45 has a normal subgroup of order 9. [7 marks]

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