



KENYATTA UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2011/2012

INSTITUTION BASED PROGRAMME

AUGUST SESSION EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF SCIENCE IN

APPLIED MATHEMATICS

SMA 535: NUMERICAL ANALYSIS II

DATE: Thursday 29th December, 2011

TIME: 9.00 a.m. – 12.00 p.m.

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer any *THREE* questions.

Question 1

- (a) Find the quadrature formulae

$$\int_0^1 f(x) \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x(1-x)}} = \alpha_1 f(0) + \alpha_2 f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \alpha_3 f(1)$$

Which is exact for polynomial of highest possible degree then use the formula on

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-x^3}} dx \text{ and compare with the exact value.} \quad [13 \text{ marks}]$$

- (b) Using modified Euler's method, obtain the solution of the differential equation

$$y' = t + \sqrt{y}, y(0)=1, \text{ for the range } 0 \leq t \leq 0.6 \text{ in steps of } 0.2. \quad [6 \text{ marks}]$$

- (c) Compute by using Taylors expansion

$$\int_{0.0}^{0.2} \frac{x^2}{\cos x} dx \quad [4 \text{ marks}]$$

Question 2

- (a) (i) Using the method of undetermined coefficient find the nodes and weight of the quadrature formulae

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-x} f(x) dx = \lambda_0 f(x_0) + \lambda_1 f(x_1)$$

Use the result $\int_0^\infty x^n e^{-x} dx = \sqrt{(n+1)} = n!, n \text{ is an integer.} \quad [7 \text{ marks}]$

(ii) Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x}}{1+x^2} dx$ using the formulae in (i) above. [4 marks]

(b) Apply the Euler-Cauchy method with step length h to the problem

$$y' = -y, y(0) = 1$$

The Euler-Cauchy method is given by

$$k_1 = h f(x_n, y_n)$$

$$k_2 = h f(x_n + h, y_n + k_1)$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{1}{2} (k_1 + k_2)$$

(i) Determine an explicit expression for y_n . [5 marks]

(ii) For which values of h is the sequence $\{y_n\}_0^{\infty}$ bounded? [2 marks]

(iii) Compute $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left\{ \frac{y(x; h) - e^{-x}}{h^2} \right\}$ [5 marks]

Question 3

(a) Using Crank-Nicolson method, solve the following differential equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} - 16 \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = 0, \quad 0 < x < 1, \quad t > 0 \text{ given } u(x, 0), u(0, t) = 0, u(1, t) = 50t$$

Compute u for two steps in t -direction taking $h = \frac{1}{4}$ [12 marks]

(b) Compute an approximation to $y(1)$, $y'(1)$ and $y''(1)$ with Taylor's algorithm of order two and step

length $h = 1$ when $y(x)$ is the solution to the IVP

$$y''' + 2y'' + y' - y = \cos x, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \quad y(0) = 0,$$

$$y'(0) = 1, \quad y''(0) = 2 \quad [7 \text{ marks}]$$

(c) Given the equation $y' = x + \sin y$ with $y(0) = 1$, show that it is sufficient to use Euler's method

with the step $h = 0.2$ to compute $y(0.2)$ with one error less than 0.05. [4 marks]

Question 4

(a) Solve the following wave equation

$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ with the boundary conditions $u(0, t) = u(4, t) = 0$ and initial-condition

$\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}(x, 0) = 0, u(x, 0) = x(4 - x)$. Take $h = 1.0$. [10 marks]

(b) Consider the following Range-Kutta method for the differential equation $y' = f(x, y)$

$$W_{i+1} = W_i + \frac{1}{6}(k_1 + 4k_2 + k_3)$$

$$k_1 = h f(x_i, w_i), k_2 = h f(x_i + \frac{h}{2}, w_i + \frac{k_1}{2})$$

$$k_3 = h f(x_i + h, w_i - k_1 + 2k_2)$$

(i) Compute $y(0.4)$ when $y' = \frac{y+x}{y-x}$, $y(0) = 1$ and $h = 0.2$. Round to five decimals. [8 marks]

(ii) What is the result after one step of length h when $y' = y$, $y(0) = 1$? [5 marks]

Question 5

(a) Solve the equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + 10(x^2 + y^2 + 10) = 0$$

Over the square mesh with sides $x = 0, y = 0, x = 3, y = 3$ with $n = 0$ on the boundary and mesh length = 1. [10 marks]

(b) Derive the 2-point ($n = 1$) Gauss-Hermite formula and calculate the error function. Hence or otherwise evaluate

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x^2}}{x^2 + x - 1} dx \text{ using the Gauss-Hermite 2-point formulas.} [9 \text{ marks}]$$

(c) Evaluate the integral

$$\int_1^2 \int_1^2 \frac{dx dy}{x + y}$$

Using the trapezoidal rule with $h = k = 0.5$ [4 marks]

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