



KENYATTA UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2011/2012 SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

SCO 111: DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE

DATE: TUESDAY, 17TH APRIL 2012 TIME: 11.00A.M – 1.00P.M

INSTRUCTIONS: ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND ANY OTHER TWO

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

a) Evaluate the following limits

i. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin 6x - 2x - 1}{2x} \right)$ (3 marks)

ii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x + 1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$ (3 marks)

iii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$ (3 marks)

b) Given that $x = 1 + t$, $y = 2t^2 - 4$ find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ (4 marks)

c) Differentiate the function $f(x) = \cos x$ using first principles (5 marks)

d) Differentiate the following functions with respect to x
i. $y = x^3 \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$ (4 marks)

ii. $y = x^{\sin x} + 10^x$ (4 marks)

e) A particle moves on the hyperbola $3x^2 - y^2 = 12$ in such a way that its y coordinate increases at a constant rate of 9 units per second. How fast is its x coordinate changing when $x = 3$. (4 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a). If $y = e^{-2x} \cos 3x$, Show that $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 13y = 0$ (5 marks)
- b) i. State three conditions to be satisfied for a function to be continuous at find $x = a$ (3 marks)
- ii. Determine whether the following function is continuous at $x = -1$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x + 1} & \text{if } x < -1 \\ -2 & \text{if } x = -1 \\ -\sqrt{2 - x^2} & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases} \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- c). Distinguish the stationary points of the curve $y = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x - 1$. Hence sketch the graph (7 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a). Find the equation of the tangent and normal to the curve Differentiate $x^3 - 3(xy^2) + y^4 = 1$ at the point (1,2) (7 marks)
- b). If x and y are defined parametrically by $y = e^t \sin t$, $x = e^t \cos t$, show that $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{e^t(\cos t - \sin t)^3}$ (7 marks)
- c). If the radius of a sphere is increasing at the constant rate of 3 millimeters per second, how fast is the volume changing when the surface area is 10 square millimeters (6 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Differentiate the following functions with respect to x
- i. $y = \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{3x}}}$ (4 marks)
- ii. $y = \frac{\sinh^2 x}{\cosh^3 x}$ (4 marks)
- iii. $y = (\sqrt{x^2 + 1})(x^2 + 2x + 1)^2$ (3 marks)
- iv. $y + \ln(xy) = 1$ (4 marks)
- b) Differentiate $f(x) = \sqrt{x - 2}$ from first principles (5 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) Use $y = x^{1/4}$ to approximate $(81.6)^{1/4}$. (6 marks)

b) Evaluate the following limits

i. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \left(\frac{x+2}{x^2+x-2} \right)$ (3 marks)

ii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3x^2+8x-4}{2x^2+4x-5} \right)$ (2 marks)

iii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+5}-3}{x^2-2x} \right)$ (4 marks)

c) Use logarithmic differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if (5 marks)

$$y = \frac{\sin(2x) \cos x \tan^3 x}{\sqrt{1-3x}}$$