



KENYATTA UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2010/2011
INSTITUTIONAL BASED PROGRAMME
DECEMBER 2010 SESSION EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF
SCIENCE
SMA 600: OPERATOR THEORY I

DATE: Friday 29th April, 2011

TIME: 9.00 a.m. – 12.00 p.m.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer question ONE and any other TWO Questions.

Q1. [Compulsory - 30 marks]

- (a) Define a projection $P : H \rightarrow H$ on a Hilbert space H . [2 marks]
- (b) If $\{P_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is a sequence of projections defined on a Hilbert space H and $P_n \rightarrow P$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$, then show that P is a projection on H . [4 marks]
- (c) Let $P : H \rightarrow H$ be a projection operator on a Hilbert space H . Prove that the subspaces $\text{Ran}(P)$, range of P and $\ker(P)$, kernel of P are orthogonal complements in H if and only if P is self adjoint operator. [3 marks]
- (d) Let X, Y be Banach spaces and $B : X \rightarrow Y$ be a bounded linear operator such that $\| Bx \| \geq c \| x \| \quad \forall x \in X$, where $c > 0$ is a constant. Show that
 - i. $\ker(B) = \{0\}$ and $\text{Ran}(B)$ is closed. [3 marks]
 - ii. $\ker(B^n) = \{0\}$ and $\text{Ran}(B^n)$ is closed for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$. [2 marks]
- (e) Let X be a Banach space and $B : X \rightarrow X$ be a bounded linear operator. Show that all eigenvalues of B belong to the spectrum, $\sigma(B)$ of B . [2 marks]
- (f) Consider the continuous linear operator $T : l_2 \rightarrow l_2$ on the Hilbert space l_2 given by $T(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, \dots) = (x_1, -x_2, x_3, -x_4, \dots)$, for any $x \in l_2$. Show that ± 1 are the eigenvalues of T . [2 marks]

- (g) Let $T : H \rightarrow H$ be a bounded linear operator on a Hilbert space H and let T^* be its adjoint.
- Show that the spectrum of T^* , $\sigma(T^*) = \{\bar{\lambda} : \lambda \in \sigma(T)\}$. [2 marks]
 - Using the identity $(\lambda I - T)(\lambda I + T) = \lambda^2 I - T^2$, show that $\sigma(T^2) = \{\lambda^2 : \lambda \in \sigma(T)\}$. [2 marks]
- (h) Show that if T is a positive operator then $(I + T)^{-1}$ exists. [3 marks]
- (i) Let $T : H \rightarrow H$ be a bounded positive self-adjoint linear operator on H . Using the positive square root of T , show that

$$|\langle Tx, y \rangle| \leq \langle Tx, x \rangle^{\frac{1}{2}} \langle Ty, y \rangle^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

for all $x, y \in H$.

[3 marks]

- (j) Prove that every linear operator T on a finite dimensional Hilbert space H is compact. [2 marks]

Q2. [Optional-20 marks]

- (a) Let X be a vector space. Prove that if the operators $S, T : X \rightarrow X$ are such that $ST = TS$ and $TS : X \rightarrow X$ is invertible then both S and T are invertible. [4 marks]

- (b) Let $B : X \rightarrow X$, be a bounded linear operator on Banach space X such that $\|B\| < 1$. Prove that $(I - B)^{-1}$ exists,

$$(I - B)^{-1} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} B^n$$

and

$$\|(I - B)^{-1}\| \leq \frac{1}{1 - \|B\|}. \quad [6 \text{ marks}]$$

- (c) Let X be a Banach space and $A, B : X \rightarrow X$ be bounded linear maps. Let B be invertible and $\|A\| < \frac{1}{\|B^{-1}\|}$. Prove that $(A + B)^{-1}$ exists,

$$(A + B)^{-1} = (\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-B^{-1}A)^n) B^{-1}$$

and

$$\|(A + B)^{-1}\| \leq \frac{\|B^{-1}\|}{1 - \|A\| \|B^{-1}\|}. \quad [7 \text{ marks}]$$

(d) Determine $(\lambda I - A)^{-1}$ if

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, A^2 = I, \text{ the identity matrix and } |\lambda| < 1. [3 \text{ marks}]$$

Q3. [Optional-20 marks]

(a) Show that every projection $P : H \rightarrow H$ on a Hilbert space H satisfy $0 \leq P \leq I$, where I is the identity operator. [2 marks]

(b) Let $\{P_i\}_{i=1}^n$ be a finite set of projections on a Hilbert space H . If a sum $P_1 + P_2 + P_3 + \dots + P_n$ is a projection on H , then show that $\|P_1 x\|^2 + \|P_2 x\|^2 + \dots + \|P_n x\|^2 \leq \|x\|^2$. [4 marks]

(c) Let H be a Hilbert space and $P_1, P_2 : H \rightarrow H$ be projections on H . Prove that

i. $P = P_1 P_2$ is a projection on H if and only if $P_1 P_2 = P_2 P_1$. [4 marks]

ii. Two closed subspaces Y and V of H are orthogonal if and only if their corresponding projections P_Y and P_V satisfy $P_Y P_V = 0$, where $P_Y(H) = Y$. [4 marks]

(d) Let $P : H \rightarrow H$ be a projection on a Hilbert space H . Prove that

i. $Q = I - P$ is a projection on H . [2 marks]

ii. $PQ = QP = 0$. [1 marks]

iii. $\text{Ran}(P) = \ker(Q)$ and $\ker(P) = \text{Ran}(Q)$. [2 marks]

Q4. [Optional - 20 marks]

(a) Let X be a Banach space and $T : X \rightarrow X$ be a compact operator on X . Prove that if $\lambda \neq 0$ is an eigenvalue of T then there exists a constant $c > 0$ such that

$$\|(T - \lambda I)x\| \geq c \|x\| \quad \forall x \in X.$$

[6 marks]

(b) Let $T : H \rightarrow H$ be a bounded linear operator on a Hilbert space H . Prove that if there exists a constant $k > 0$ such that $|\langle Tx, x \rangle| \geq k\|x\|^2, \forall x \in H$, then T is invertible and $\|T^{-1}\| \leq \frac{1}{k}$. [3 marks]

(c) i. Define what is meant by the numerical range, $\text{Num}(T)$ of an operator $T : H \rightarrow H$ on a Hilbert space H . [2 marks]

- ii. Prove that for any bounded linear operator $T : H \rightarrow H$ on a Hilbert space H , the spectrum of T , $\sigma(T) \subseteq \overline{\text{Num}(T)}$. [5 marks]
- iii. Let $T : H \rightarrow H$ be a self adjoint bounded linear operator on a Hilbert space H and let

$$m = \inf_{\|x\|=1} \langle Tx, x \rangle, \quad M = \sup_{\|x\|=1} \langle Tx, x \rangle.$$

Show that the spectrum of T , $\sigma(T) \subseteq [m, M]$. [4 marks]

Q5. [Optional- 20 marks]

- (a) Let H be a Hilbert space and M a closed linear subspace of H . Let $P : H \rightarrow M$ be a projection and $y \notin M$.
- i. Prove that there is a unique $u = Py \in M$ such that $\|y - Py\| = \inf\{\|y - x\| : x \in M\}$. [8 marks]
- ii. Show that $\langle y - Py, x \rangle = 0, \forall x \in M$. [6 marks]
- (b) Let T be bounded linear operators on a Banach space X and x_0 an arbitrary element of X . Show that the equation

$$x = \alpha T x + x_0$$

has a unique solution given by

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \alpha^n T^n x_0,$$

provided $|\alpha| \|T\| < 1$.

[6 marks]